

## Tenable Vulnerability Management and CyberArk Enterprise Password Vault Integration Guide

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# **Table of Contents**

welcome to Tenable Vulnerability Management for CyberArk	3
CyberArk Integrations	Z
Database Integration	5
SSH Integration	12
Privilege Escalation with CyberArk Credentials	18
Windows Integration	22
CyberArk Dynamic Scanning	26
Configuration methods:	30
Database Auto-Discovery	31
SSH Auto-Discovery	37
Windows Auto-Discovery	41
CyberArk Legacy Integrations	45
Database (Legacy) Integration	46
SSH (Legacy) Integration	50
Privilege Escalation with CyberArk (Legacy) Credentials	54
Windows (Legacy) Integration	58
Additional Information	61
CyberArk Domain and DNS Support	62
Tenable Vulnerability Management Priority Scanning for CyberArk	63
Debugging CyberArk	64
Retrieving Addresses to Scan from CyberArk	66
About Tenable	67

### 0

## Welcome to Tenable Vulnerability Management for CyberArk

This document provides information and steps for integrating Tenable Vulnerability Management with CyberArk Enterprise Password Vault (CyberArk).

Security administrators know that conducting network vulnerability assessments means getting access to and navigating an ever-changing sea of usernames, passwords, and privileges. By integrating CyberArk with Tenable Vulnerability Management, customers have more choice and flexibility.

The benefits of integrating Tenable Vulnerability Management with CyberArk include:

- · Credential updates directly in Tenable Vulnerability Management, requiring less management.
- Reduced time and effort to document credential storage locations in the organizational environment.
- Automatic enforcement of security policies in specific departments or business unit requirements, simplifying compliance.
- Reduced risk of unsecured privileged accounts and credentials across the enterprise.

**Note:** Tenable Vulnerability Management only supports integrations with CyberArk versions 12.x, 11.x, 10.x, and CyberArk Legacy version 9.x.

# **CyberArk Integrations**

View one of the following options for CyberArk integration steps.

**Database Integration** 

**SSH Integration** 

**Privilege Escalation** 

**Windows Integration** 

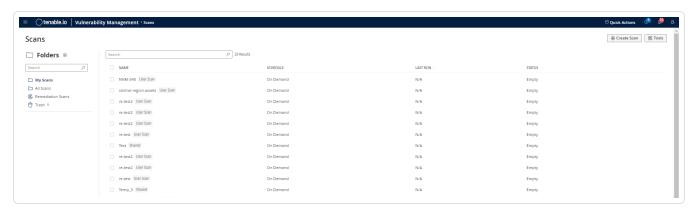
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## **Database Integration**

### To configure database integration:

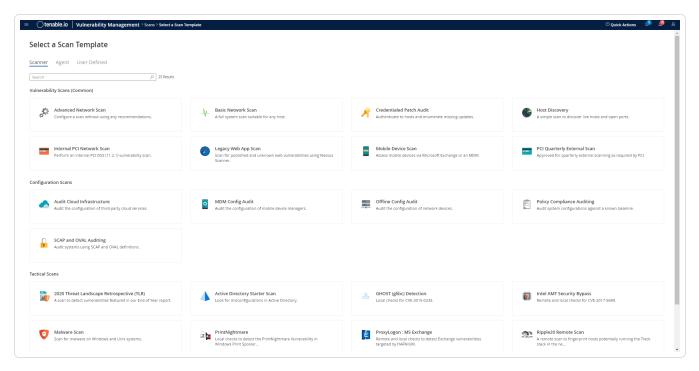
- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.

The My Scans page appears.



3. Click + New Scan.

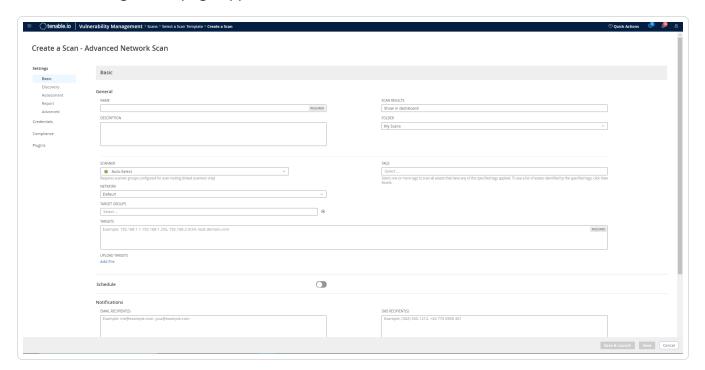
The **Scan Templates** page appears.



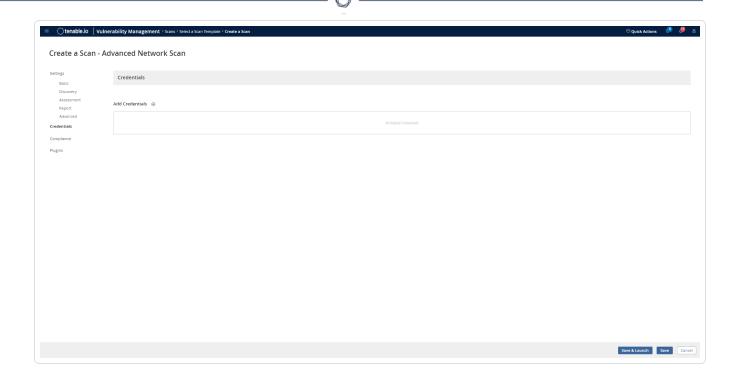


4. Select a Scan Template. For demonstration, the Advanced Network Scan template is used.

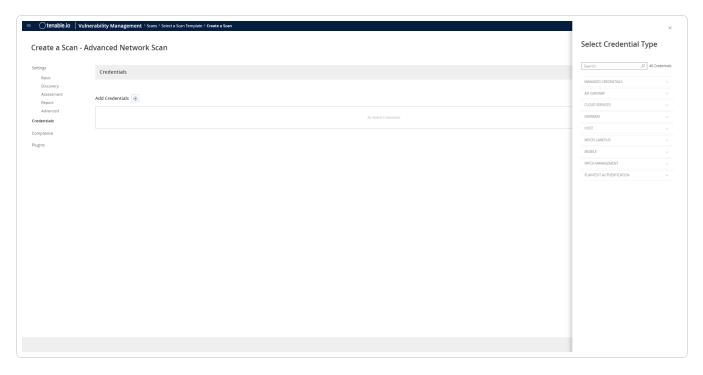
The scan configuration page appears.



- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

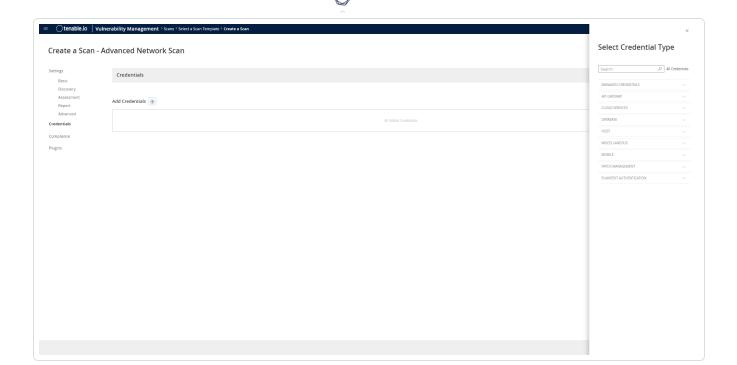


## The **Credentials** pane appears.

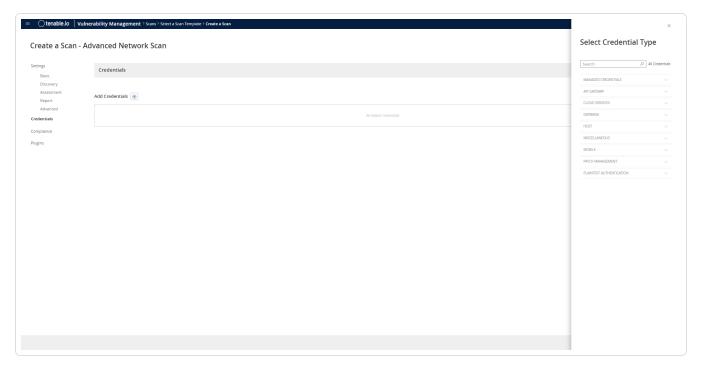


9. Click the **Database** option.

The **Database** options appear.

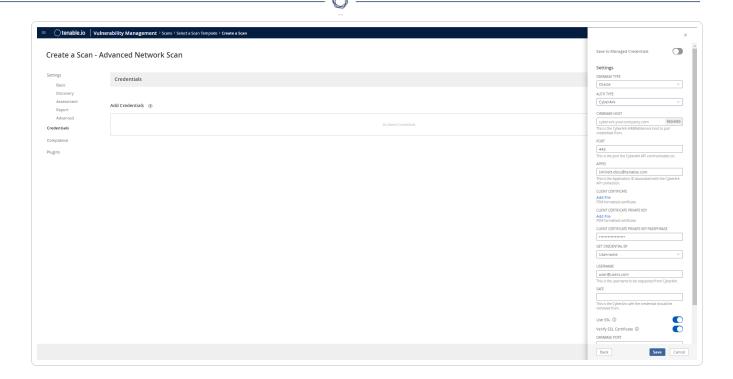


10. From the **Database Type** drop-down, select **Oracle**.



11. From the Auth Type drop-down, select CyberArk.

The CyberArk field options appear.



## 12. Configure each field for the **Database** authentication.

Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the Cyber-Ark AIM Web Service. This can be the host, or the host with a custom URL added on in a single string.	yes
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Client Certificate	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
Client Certificate Private Key	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	yes, if private key is applied
Client Certificate Private Key Passphrase	The passphrase for the private key, if required.	yes, if private key is applied

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Option	Description	Required
Get credential by	The method with which your CyberArk API credentials are retrieved. Can be <b>User-name</b> , <b>Identifier</b> , or <b>Address</b> .	yes
	Note: The frequency of queries for Username is one query per target. The frequency of queries for Identifier is one query per chunk. This feature requires all targets have the same identifier.	
	Note: The Username option also adds the Address parameter of the API query and assigns the target IP of the resolved host to the Address parameter. This may lead to failure to fetch credentials if the CyberArk Account Details Address field contains a value other than the target IP address.	
Username	(If <b>Get credential by</b> is <b>Username</b> ) The username of the CyberArk user to request a password from.	no
Safe	The CyberArk safe the credential should be retrieved from.	no
Account Name	(If <b>Get credential by</b> is <b>Identifier</b> ) The unique account name or identifier assigned to the CyberArk API credential.	no
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	no
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is con-	no

Option	Description	Required
	figured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	

Caution: Tenable strongly recommends encrypting communication between your on-site scanner and the CyberArk AIM gateway using HTTPS and/or client certificates. For information on securing the connection, refer to the <a href="Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide">Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide</a> and the Central Credential Provider Implementation Guide located at <a href="Cyberark.com">Cyberark.com</a> (login required).

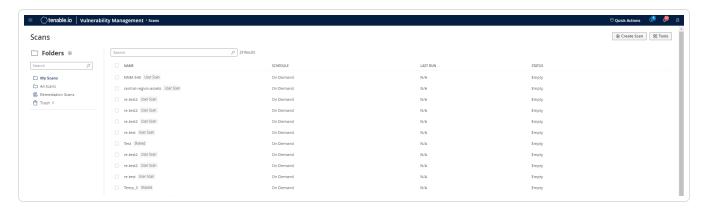
#### 13. Click Save.



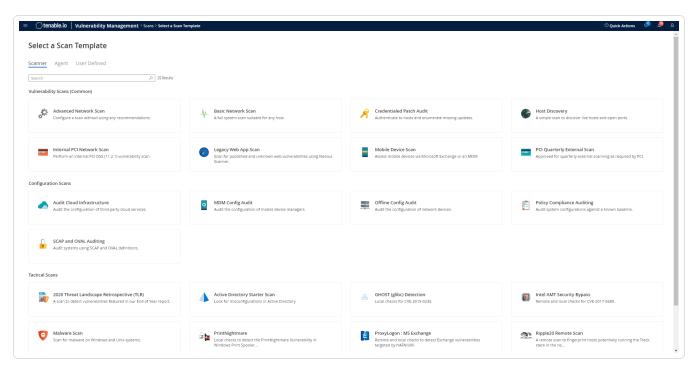
## **SSH Integration**

### To configure SSH integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.
- 3. Click + New Scan.

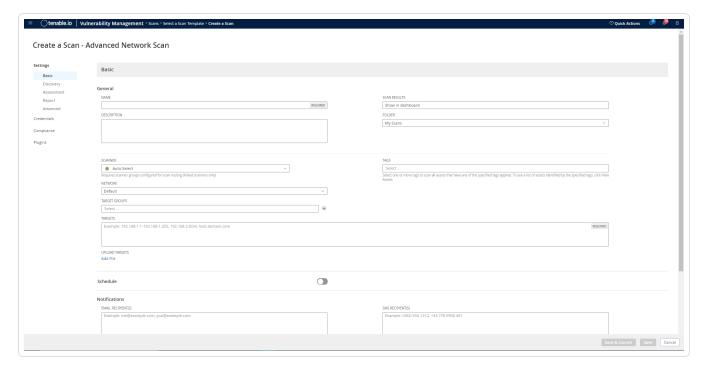


4. Select a Scan Template.



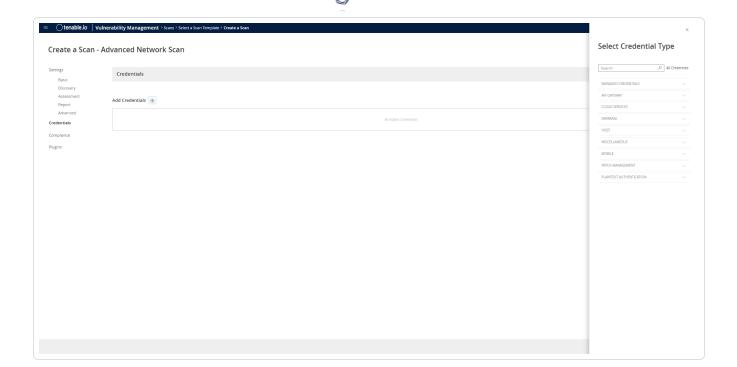


## The scan configuration page appears.



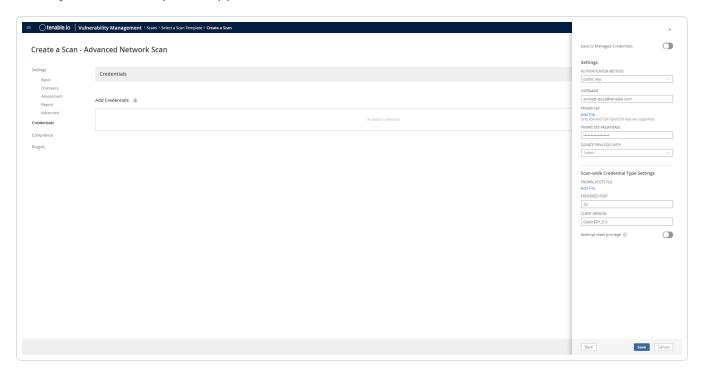
- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The Credentials options appear.



- 9. In the **Select a Credential** menu, select the **Host** drop-down.
- 10. Select SSH.

The CyberArk field options appear.



11. Configure each field for **SSH** authentication.



Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the Cyber-Ark AIM Web Service.	yes
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Client Certificate	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
Client Certificate Private Key	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	yes, if private key is applied
Client Certificate Private Key Passphrase	The passphrase for the private key, if required.	yes, if private key is applied
Kerberos Target Authentication	If enabled, Kerberos authentication is used to log in to the specified Linux or Unix target.	no
Key Distribution Center (KDC)	(Required if Kerberos Target Authentication is enabled.) This host supplies the session tickets for the user.	yes
KDC Port	The port on which the Kerberos authentication API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 88.	no
KDC Transport	The KDC uses TCP by default in Linux implementations. For UDP, change this option. If you need to change the KDC Transport value, you may also need to change the port as the KDC UDP uses either port 88 or 750 by default, depending on the implementation.	no
Realm	(Required if Kerberos Target Authentication	yes

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Option	Description	Required
	is enabled.) The Realm is the authentication domain, usually noted as the domain name of the target (for example, example.com). By default, Tenable Vulnerability ManagementTenable Nessus uses 443.	
Get credential by	The method with which your CyberArk API credentials are retrieved. Can be <b>User- name</b> , <b>Identifier</b> , or <b>Address</b> .	yes
	Note: The frequency of queries for Username is one query per target. The frequency of queries for Identifier is one query per chunk. This feature requires all targets have the same identifier.	
	Note: The Username option also adds the Address parameter of the API query and assigns the target IP of the resolved host to the Address parameter. This may lead to failure to fetch credentials if the CyberArk Account Details Address field contains a value other than the target IP address.	
Username	(If <b>Get credential by</b> is <b>Username</b> ) The username of the CyberArk user to request a password from.	no
Safe	The CyberArk safe the credential should be retrieved from.	no
Address	The option should only be used if the Address value is unique to a single CyberArk account credential.	no
Account Name	(If Get credential by is Identifier) The unique	no

Option	Description	Required
	account name or identifier assigned to the CyberArk API credential.	
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	no
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	no

Caution: Tenable strongly recommends encrypting communication between your on-site scanner and the CyberArk AIM gateway using HTTPS and/or client certificates. For information on securing the connection, refer to the <a href="Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide">Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide</a> and the Central Credential Provider Implementation Guide located at <a href="Cyberark.com">Cyberark.com</a> (login required).

#### 12. Click Save.

#### Verification

- 1. To verify the integration is working, click the **launch** button (highlighted below) to initiate an ondemand scan.
- 2. Once the scan has completed, select the completed scan and look for **Plugin ID 12634**, which validates that authentication was successful. If the authentication is not successful, refer to the Debugging CyberArk Issues section of this document.



# Privilege Escalation with CyberArk Credentials

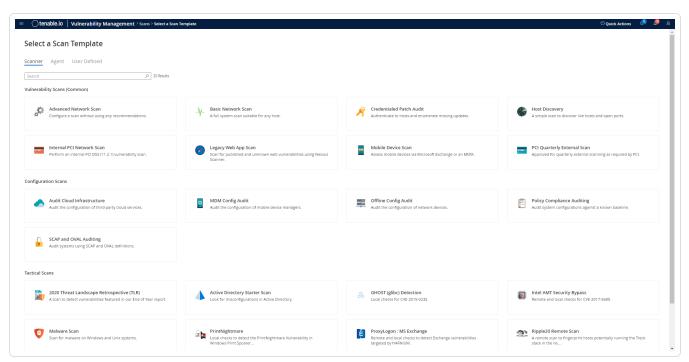
Tenable Vulnerability Management supports the use of privilege escalation, such as *su* and *sudo*, when using SSH through the CyberArk authentication method.

### To configure SSH integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.
- 3. Click + New Scan.

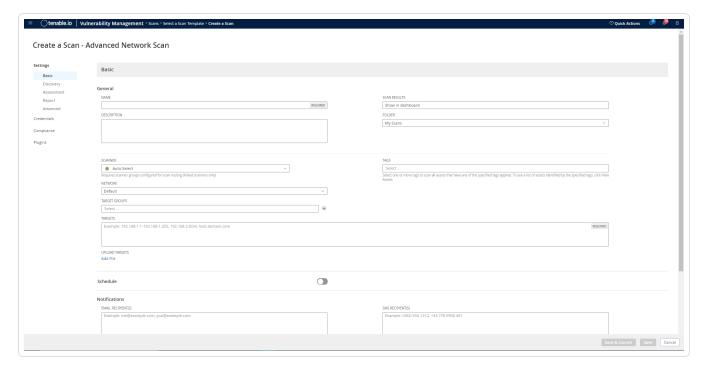


4. Select a **Scan Template**.



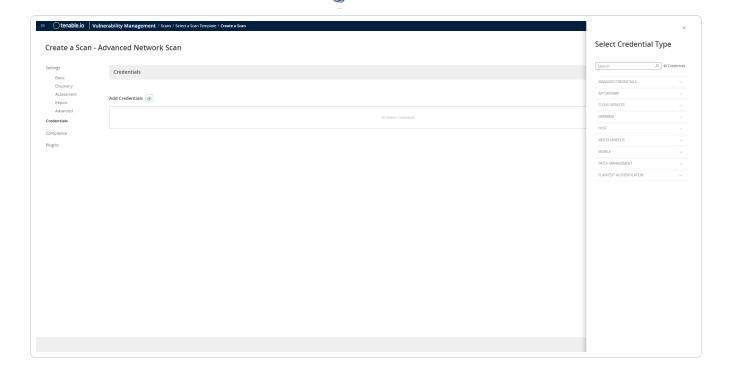


## The scan configuration page appears.

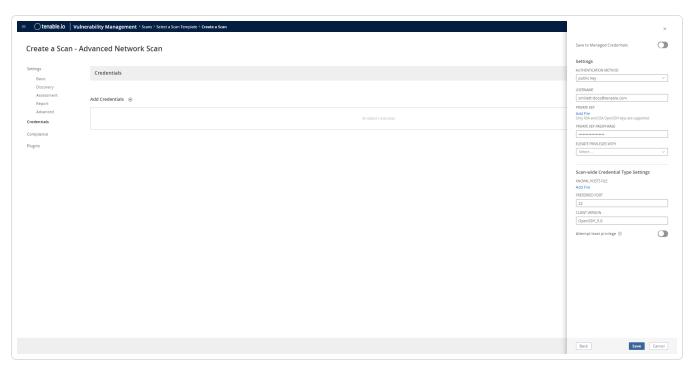


- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The Credentials options appear.



- 9. In the **Select a Credential** menu, select the **Host** drop-down.
- 10. Select **SSH** as the **Type** and CyberArk as the **Authentication Method**.



11. Select an option for the **Elevate Privileges With** field.

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**Note:** Multiple options for privilege escalation are supported, including *su*, *su+sudo* and *sudo*. For example, if **sudo** is selected, additional fields for **sudo user**, **CyberArk Account Details Name** and **Location of sudo** (directory) are provided and can be completed to support authentication and privilege escalation through CyberArk Password Vault.

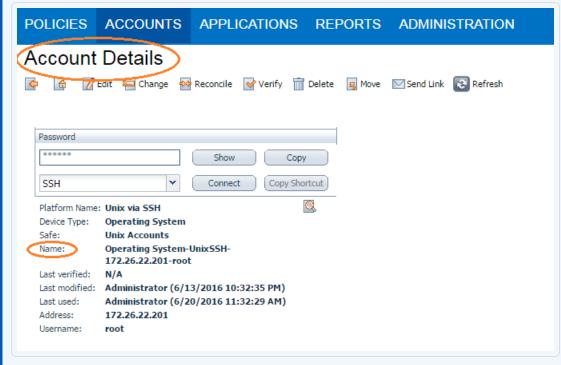
**Note:** Additional information about all of the supported privilege escalation types and their accompanying fields can be found in the Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide.

**Note:** The **Username** option for the **Get Credential By** field also adds the **Address** parameter of the API query and assigns the target IP of the resolved host to the **Address** parameter. This may lead to failure to fetch credentials if the CyberArk Account Details **Address** field contains a value other than the target IP address.

12. Complete the privilege escalation options and click **Save**.

**Note:** When asked for a **CyberArk Account Details Name**, perform the following steps to obtain the correct value:

- 1. Log in to CyberArk Password Vault.
- 2. Choose the secret (password) you wish to use.
- 3. Look at the name parameter (such as in the image below) in the Account Details page; this is the value to supply in the CyberArk Account Details Name field.



## **Windows Integration**

To configure Tenable Vulnerability Management with CyberArk using Windows integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, click the  $\equiv$  button.

The left navigation plane appears.

3. In the left navigation plane, click **Settings**.

The **Settings** page appears.

4. Click the **Credentials** widget.

The **Credentials** page appears. The credentials table lists the managed credentials you have permission to view.

5. Click the • button next to the **Credentials** title.

The credential form plane appears.

6. In the **Host** section, click **Windows**.

The selected credential options appear.

7. In the Authentication Method drop-down, select CyberArk.

The CyberArk options appear.

8. Configure the CyberArk credentials.

Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the Cyber-Ark AIM Web Service. This can be the host, or the host with a custom URL added on in a single string.	yes
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes

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Option	Description	Required
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Client Certificate	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
Client Certificate Private Key	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	yes, if private key is applied
Client Certificate Private Key Passphrase	The passphrase for the private key, if required.	yes, if private key is applied
Kerberos Target Authentication	If enabled, Kerberos authentication is used to log in to the specified Linux or Unix target.	no
Key Distribution Center (KDC)	(Required if Kerberos Target Authentication is enabled.) This host supplies the session tickets for the user.	yes
KDC Port	The port on which the Kerberos authentication API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 88.	no
KDC Transport	The KDC uses TCP by default in Linux implementations. For UDP, change this option. If you need to change the KDC Transport value, you may also need to change the port as the KDC UDP uses either port 88 or 750 by default, depending on the implementation.	no
Domain	(Required if Kerberos Target Authentication is enabled.) The domain to which Kerberos Target Authentication belongs, if applicable.	yes
Get credential by	The method with which your CyberArk API credentials are retrieved. Can be <b>User-</b>	yes

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Option	Description	Required
	name, Identifier, or Address.	
	Note: The frequency of queries for Username is one query per target. The frequency of queries for Identifier is one query per chunk. This feature requires all targets have the same identifier.	
	Note: The Username option also adds the Address parameter of the API query and assigns the target IP of the resolved host to the Address parameter. This may lead to failure to fetch credentials if the CyberArk Account Details Address field contains a value other than the target IP address.	
Username	(If <b>Get credential by</b> is <b>Username</b> ) The username of the CyberArk user to request a password from.	no
Safe	The CyberArk safe the credential should be retrieved from.	no
Address	The option should only be used if the Address value is unique to a single CyberArk account credential.	no
Account Name	(If <b>Get credential by</b> is <b>Identifier</b> ) The unique account name or identifier assigned to the CyberArk API credential.	no
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	no

Option	Description	Required
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	no

Caution: Tenable strongly recommends encrypting communication between your on-site scanner and the CyberArk AIM gateway using HTTPS and/or client certificates. For information on securing the connection, refer to the <a href="Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide">Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide</a> and the Central Credential Provider Implementation Guide located at <a href="Cyberark.com">Cyberark.com</a> (login required).

9. Click Save.

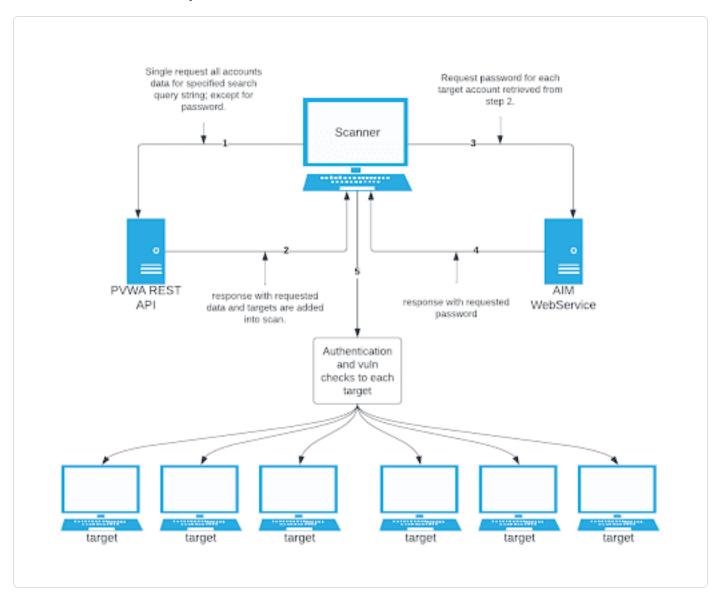
#### Verification

- 1. To verify the integration is working, click the **Launch** button to initiate an on-demand scan.
- 2. After the scan completes, click the scan to view the results.
- 3. Look for **Plugin ID 10394**. This validates that the authentication was successful. If the authentication is not successful, refer to the <u>Debugging CyberArk Issues</u> section of this document.

## CyberArk Dynamic Scanning

You can now take advantage of a significant improvement to Tenable's CyberArk integration which gathers bulk account information for specific target groups without entering multiple targets. You need to enter only one target in the settings (which is arbitrary and not used as an actual target). This target is used to kick off the process of collection and nothing more. You can configure up to five unique credentials in a scan policy that represent specific target groups.

The integration feature takes advantage of CyberArk's Password Vault Web Access (PVWA) REST API, by gathering bulk account information for a large volume of hosts, automatically adding them to the scan, and requesting the password on a host-by-host basis from CCP/AIM Web Service application. You must have a CyberArk version that contains the PVWA REST API to use this feature.



#### Collection

The initial collection of accounts (except the password) is done once and on the arbitrary target/host entered in the target settings of the scan policy mentioned in the beginning of each section (SSH, Windows, and Database). Logs for the collection can be found in the **Debugging Log Reporting** on this particular host in the following logs:

- Database = pam database auto collect.nbin~CyberArk
- SSH = pam ssh auto collect.nbin~CyberArk
- Windows = pam\_smb\_auto\_collect.nbin~CyberArk

### Adding targets to the scan automatically

After the collection process, the integration performs automatic addition of the hosts and necessary host's knowledge bases (KBs). Before adding hosts to the scan, the integration checks that an address value was present. This process is contingent upon that value. In addition, the integration tries to resolve that host (address value) within your network. Once it determines that a resolvable host (address value) is present, the integration adds the host (and certain data gathered as KBs) used to query the password and/or used for authentication to the host. As a supplemental log for identifying successfully resolved hosts against unsuccessfully resolved hosts, the integration provides logs present on the arbitrary host:

- Database = pam database auto collect.log
- SSH = pam\_ssh\_auto\_collect.log
- Windows = pam\_smb\_auto\_collect.log

#### Database example:

```
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Start injecting kb's and hosts for 4 accounts.
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Attempting to resolve host from CyberArk Address:
172.26.25.107
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Attempting to resolve host from CyberArk Address:
172.26.28.153
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Attempting to resolve host from CyberArk Address:
172.26.25.107
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Attempting to resolve host from CyberArk Address:
```

```
auditmsss2016
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Failed to resolve host from CyberArk Address :
auditmsss2016
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] End injecting kb's and hosts
Number of hosts retrieved from CyberArk : 4
Number of hosts failed to resolve : 1
List of failed hosts. CyberArk Address : make_nested_list(
   'auditmsss2016'
)
[2023-07-19 17:24:35] Auto-collection of database hosts complete for :
```

In the example database log, we have a host auditmsss2016 that Tenable Nessus could not resolve on the network. This host is not added to the scan. An error returned from the function fqdn\_resolv() triggers the creation of separate logs that show more detail called:

- Database = pam\_database\_auto\_collect\_resolv\_func.log
- SSH = pam\_ssh\_auto\_collect\_resolv\_func.log
- Windows = pam\_smb\_auto\_collect\_resolv\_func.log

In addition, you can see in the example log that we have a duplicate host. The Tenable Nessus engine handles that naturally, so more than one record does not appear in the host table.

#### Password collection

CyberArk

After the collection and addition of host and KBs is complete, the authentication process kicks off on each of the hosts. To eliminate the possibility of requesting a password for either the arbitrary host (input by the user) or a host not containing the necessary query parameters, a condition is set in place within logins, ssh\_settings, and database\_settings to avoid this. Host by host, the integration calls AIM Web Service for the password using four unique query parameters that avoid requesting a password for the wrong target: safe, object, username, and address. As far as logs go, this is no different (on the host level) than "normal."



- Database = database\_settings.nasl~CyberArk
- SSH = ssh\_settings.nasl~CyberArk
- Windows = logins.nasl~CyberArk

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# **Configuration methods:**

- Database Auto-Discovery
- SSH Auto-Discovery
- Windows Auto-Discovery

## **Database Auto-Discovery**

You need to configure new user interface field properties in addition to the default account properties in CyberArk and PrivateArk, as database authentication requires additional data. Port and Database are already available, but some database platforms in CyberArk need these added to the user interface properties. AuthType and ServiceType are new, so you must add them to PrivateArk first, then configure them to the applicable database platform type user interface properties in CyberArk Web console.

**Note:** The Address field in the CyberArk Account Details for an account/host must contain a valid IP/FQDN and must be resolvable on the user's network. This value is vetted during the collection and discovery process. Address values that are null or unresolvable will not be added to the scan.

**Note:** All Database Type in Tenable are supported. (Oracle, DB2, Cassandra, MySQL, PostgreSQL, Sybase ASE, MongoDB, and SQL Server)

View the following tables for necessary fields and Database Types they apply to.

#### Oracle

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 1521
AuthType	Method to authenticate to database.	SYSDBA or SYSOPER or NORMAL
Database	Instance or database name.	Example: orcl
ServiceType	Type of service on database.	SID or SERVICE_NAME

### MongoDB

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 27017
Database	Instance or database name.	Example: MongoDB 5

### **PostgreSQL**

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 5432
Database	Instance or database name.	Example: Postgre

### Cassandra

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 9042

### DB2

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 50000
Database	Instance or database name.	Example: DB2_admin

## MySQL

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 3306

### SQL Server

Field name	Description	Field value
Port	The port database instance is running on.	Example: 1433
AuthType	Method to authenticate to database.	Windows or SQL
Database	Instance or database name.	Example: SQLEXPRESS

## To configure database auto-discovery:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.

The **My Scans** page appears.

3. Click + New Scan.

The **Scan Templates** page appears.

4. Select a Scan Template. For demonstration, the Advanced Network Scan template is used.

The scan configuration page appears.

- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

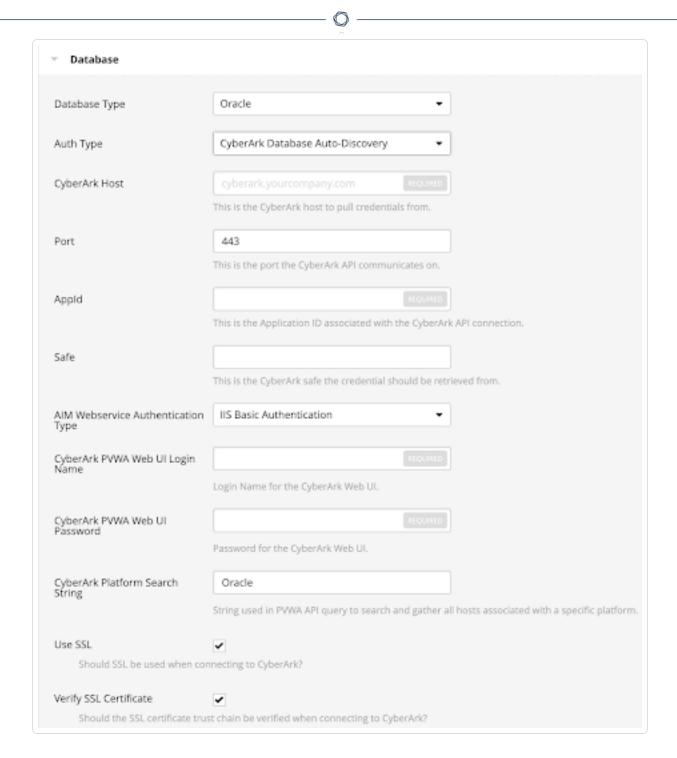
The **Credentials** pane appears.

9. Click the Database option.

The **Database** options appear.

- 10. From the **Database Type** drop-down, select **Oracle**.
- 11. From the Auth Type drop-down, select CyberArk Database Auto-Discovery.

The **CyberArk Database Auto-Discovery** field options appear:



## 12. Configure each field for the **Database** authentication.

Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the user's CyberArk Instance.	yes

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Option	Description	Required
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Safe	Users may optionally specify a Safe to gather account information and request passwords.	no
AIM Web Service Authentication Type	There are two authentication methods established in the feature. IIS Basic Authentication and Certificate Authentication. Certificate Authentication can be either encrypted or unencrypted.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Name	Username to log in to CyberArk web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Password	Password for the username to log in to Cyber-Ark web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk Platform Search String	String used in the PVWA REST API query parameters to gather bulk account information. For example, the user can enter Oracle Admin TestSafe, to gather all Oracle platform accounts containing a username Admin in a Safe called TestSafe.  Note: This is a non-exact keyword search. A best practice would be to create a custom platform name in CyberArk and enter that value in	yes

Option	Description	Required
	this field to improve accuracy.	
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	yes
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	no

**Caution:** Tenable strongly recommends encrypting communication between your on-site scanner and the CyberArk AIM gateway using HTTPS and/or client certificates. For information on securing the connection, refer to the <a href="Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide">Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide</a> and the **Central Credential Provider Implementation Guide** located at <a href="Cyberark.com">Cyberark.com</a> (login required).

### 13. Click Save.

# **SSH Auto-Discovery**

**Note:** The Address field in the CyberArk Account Details for an account/host must contain a valid IP/FQDN and must be resolvable on your network. This value is vetted during the collection and discovery process. Address values that are null, or unresolvable, are not added to the scan.

**Note:** Privilege Escalation is available, but only using the SUDO method at this time. More research is needed to explore other escalation methods.

**Note:** SSH Key authentication is supported, but escalated privileges after SSH Key authentication is not available at this time.

#### To configure SSH auto-discovery:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.

The My Scans page appears.

3. Click + New Scan.

The **Scan Templates** page appears.

4. Select a Scan Template.

The scan configuration page appears.

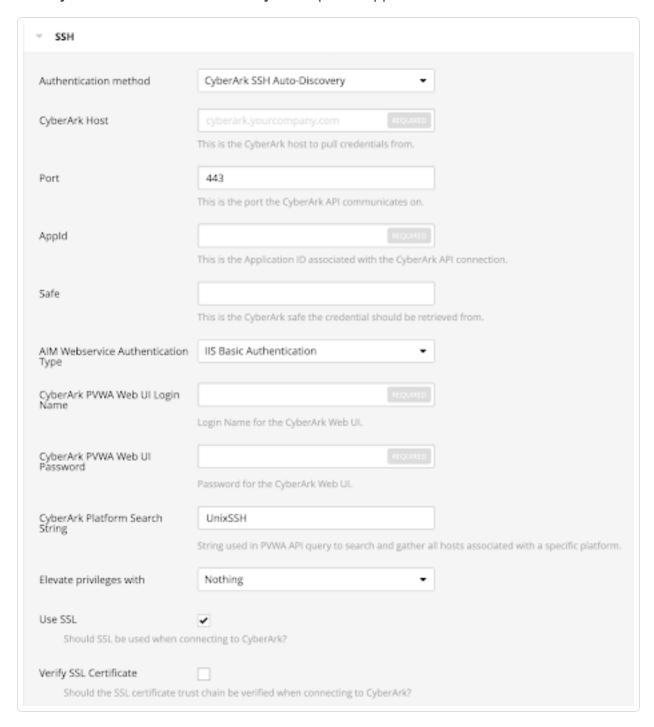
- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The **Credentials** pane appears.

- 9. In the **Select a Credential** menu, select the **Host** drop-down...
- 10. Select SSH.
- 11. From the Authentication Method drop-down, select CyberArk SSH Auto-Discovery.



### The CyberArk SSH Auto-Discovery field options appear:



12. Configure each field for the SSH authentication.

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Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the user's CyberArk Instance.	yes
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Safe	Users may optionally specify a Safe to gather account information and request passwords.	no
AIM Web Service Authentication Type	There are two authentication methods established in the feature. IIS Basic Authentication and Certificate Authentication. Certificate Authentication can be either encrypted or unencrypted.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Name	Username to log in to CyberArk web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Password	Password for the username to log in to Cyber-Ark web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk Platform Search String	String used in the PVWA REST API query parameters to gather bulk account information. For example, the user can enter UnixSSH Admin TestSafe, to gather all UnixSSH platform accounts containing a username Admin in a Safe called TestSafe.	yes

Option	Description	Required
	Note: This is a non-exact keyword search. A best practice would be to create a custom platform name in CyberArk and enter that value in this field to improve accuracy.	
Elevate Privileges with	Users can only select Nothing or sudo at this time.	no
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	yes
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	no

#### 13. Click Save.

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# Windows Auto-Discovery

**Note:** The **Address** field in the CyberArk Account Details for an account/host must contain a valid IP/FQDN and must be resolvable on your network. This value is vetted during the collection and discovery process. Address values that are null or unresolvable will not be added to the scan.

**Note:** Domain support is included, but CyberArk accounts must make use of the **Domain** field provided in account set up.

#### To configure windows auto-discovery:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, click the  $\equiv$  button.

The left navigation plane appears.

3. Click the Credentials tab.

The **Credentials** pane appears.

4. In the left navigation plane, click **Settings**.

The **Settings** page appears.

5. Click the **Credentials** widget.

The **Credentials** page appears. The credentials table lists the managed credentials you have permission to view.

6. Click the • button next to the Credentials title.

The credential form plane appears.

7. Click the **Host** option.

The **Host** options appear.

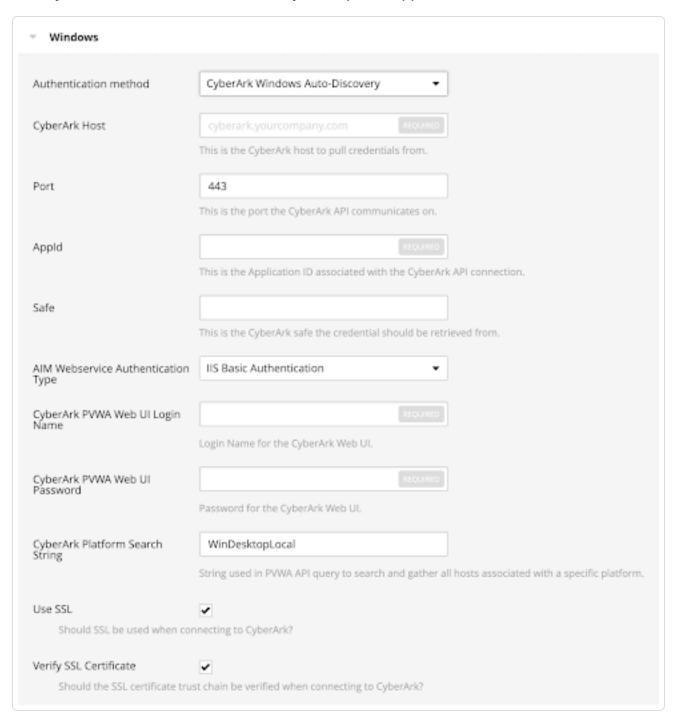
8. In the **Host** section, click **Windows**.

The selected credential options appear.

9. From the Authentication Method drop-down, select CyberArk Windows Auto-Discovery.



### The CyberArk Windows Auto-Discovery field options appear:



10. Configure each field for the **Windows** authentication.

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1	7
P	4

Option	Description	Required
CyberArk Host	The IP address or FQDN name for the user's CyberArk Instance.	yes
Port	The port on which the CyberArk API communicates. By default, Tenable uses 443.	yes
AppID	The Application ID associated with the Cyber-Ark API connection.	yes
Safe	Users may optionally specify a Safe to gather account information and request passwords.	no
AIM Web Service Authentication Type	There are two authentication methods established in the feature. IIS Basic Authentication and Certificate Authentication. Certificate Authentication can be either encrypted or unencrypted.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Name	Username to log in to CyberArk web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk PVWA Web UI Login Password	Password for the username to log in to Cyber-Ark web console. This is used to authenticate to the PVWA REST API and gather bulk account information.	yes
CyberArk Platform Search String	String used in the PVWA REST API query parameters to gather bulk account information. For example, the user can enter UnixSSH Admin TestSafe, to gather all Windows platform accounts containing a username Admin in a Safe called TestSafe.	yes

Option	Description	Required
	Note: This is a non-exact keyword search. A best practice would be to create a custom platform name in CyberArk and enter that value in this field to improve accuracy.	
Use SSL	If enabled, the scanner uses SSL through IIS for secure communications. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS.	yes
Verify SSL Certificate	If enabled, the scanner validates the SSL certificate. Enable this option if CyberArk is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate.	no

#### 11. Click Save.

# **CyberArk Legacy Integrations**

View one of the following options for CyberArk Legacy integration steps.

**Database (Legacy) Integration** 

SSH (Legacy) Integration

Privilege Escalation (Legacy)

Windows (Legacy) Integration

# **Database (Legacy) Integration**

### To configure database integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.

The **My Scans** page appears.

3. Click + New Scan.

The **Scan Templates** page appears.

4. Select a Scan Template. For demonstration, the Advanced Network Scan template is used.

The scan configuration page appears.

- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The Credentials pane appears.

9. Click the **Database** option.

The **Database** options appear.

- 10. From the **Database Type** drop-down, select **Oracle**.
- 11. From the **Auth Type** drop-down, select **CyberArk**.

The CyberArk field options appear.

12. Configure each field for the **Database** authentication.

Option	Database Types	Description	Required
Username	All	The target system's username.	yes
Central Cre-	All	The CyberArk Central Credential Pro-	yes



Option	Database Types	Description	Required
dential Provider Host		vider IP/DNS address.	
Central Credential Provider Port	All	The port on which the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is listening.	yes
CyberArk AIM Service URL	All	The URL of the AIM service. By default, this field uses /AIMWebservice/v1.1/AIM.asmx.	no
Central Credential Provider Username	All	If the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to use basic authentication, you can fill in this field for authentication.	no
Central Credential Provider Password	All	If the CyberArk Central Credential Pro- vider is configured to use basic authen- tication, you can fill in this field for authentication.	no
CyberArk Safe	All	The safe on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contained the authentication information you would like to retrieve.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate	All	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate Private Key	All	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate	All	The passphrase for the private key, if your authentication implementation	no



Option	Database Types	Description	Required
Private Key Passphrase		requires it.	
CyberArk Appld	All	The Appld that has been allocated permissions on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider to retrieve the target password.	yes
CyberArk Folder	All	The folder on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contains the authentication information you would like to retrieve.	no
CyberArk Account Details Name	All	The unique name of the credential you want to retrieve from CyberArk.	yes
PolicyId	All	The PolicyID assigned to the credentials that you want to retrieve from the CyberArk Central Credential Provider.	no
Use SSL	All	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS check for secure communication.	no
Verify SSL Cer- tificate	All	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate, select this option. Refer to the custom_CA.inc documentation for how to use self-signed certificates.	no
Database Port	All	The port on which Tenable Vul- nerability ManagementTenable Secur-	yes

		Ŏ	
Option	Database Types	Description	Required
		ity Center communicates with the database.	
Database	DB2	The name of the database.	no
Name	PostgreSQL		
Auth type	Oracle	SQL Server values include:	yes
	SQL Server	• Windows	
	Sybase ASE	• SQL	
		Oracle values include:	
		Sybase ASE values include:	
		• RSA	
		Plain Text	
Instance Name	SQL Server	The name for your database instance.	no
Service type	Oracle	Valid values include:	yes
		• SID	
		SERVICE_NAME	
Service	Oracle	The SID value for your database instance or a SERVICE_NAME value. The <b>Service</b> value you enter must	no

Service Type option.

match your parameter selection for the

#### 13. Click Save.

# SSH (Legacy) Integration

### To configure SSH integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.
- 3. Click + New Scan.
- 4. Select a Scan Template.

The scan configuration page appears.

- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The Credentials options appear.

- 9. In the **Select a Credential** menu, select the **Host** drop-down.
- 10. Select SSH.

The CyberArk field options appear.

11. Configure each field for **SSH** authentication.

Option	Description	Required
Username	The username of the target system.	yes
CyberArk AIM Service URL	The URL for the CyberArk AIM web service. By default, Tenable Vulnerability Management uses /AIMWebservice/v1.1/AIM.asmx.	no
Central Cre- dential Provider Host	The CyberArk Central Credential Provider IP/DNS address.	yes



Option	Description	Required
Central Cre- dential Provider Port	The port on which the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is listening.	yes
Central Cre- dential Provider Username	The username of the vault, if the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to use basic authentication.	no
Central Cre- dential Provider Password	The password of the vault, if the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to use basic authentication.	no
Safe	The safe on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contained the authentication information that you want to retrieve.	yes
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate Private Key	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	no
CyberArk Client Certificate Private Key Passphrase	The passphrase for the private key, if required.	no
Appld	The Appld that has been allocated permissions on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider to retrieve the target password.	yes
Folder	The folder on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contains the authentication information that you want to retrieve.	yes

Option	Description	Required
Policyld	The PolicyID assigned to the credentials that you want to retrieve from the CyberArk Central Credential Provider.	no
Use SSL	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS check for secure communication.	no
Verify SSL Certificate	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate check this. Refer to custom_CA.inc documentation for how to use self-signed certificates.	no
CyberArk Account Details Name	The unique name of the credential you want to retrieve from CyberArk.	no
CyberArk Address	The domain for the user account.	no
CyberArk elev- ate privileges with	The privilege escalation method you want to use to increase users' privileges after initial authentication. Your selection determines the specific options you must configure. For more information, see <a href="Privilege">Privilege</a> <a href="Escalation">Escalation</a> .	no
Custom pass- word prompt	The password prompt used by the target host. Only use this setting when an interactive SSH session fails due to Tenable Vulnerability Management receiving an unrecognized password prompt on the target host's interactive SSH shell.	no

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#### 12. Click Save.

### Verification

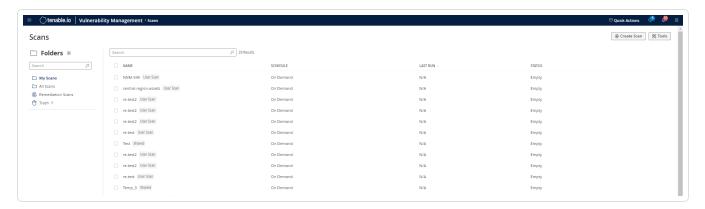
- 1. To verify the integration is working, click the **launch** button (highlighted below) to initiate an ondemand scan.
- 2. Once the scan has completed, select the completed scan and look for **Plugin ID 12634**, which validates that authentication was successful. If the authentication is not successful, refer to the <a href="Debugging CyberArk Issues">Debugging CyberArk Issues</a> section of this document.

# Privilege Escalation with CyberArk (Legacy) Credentials

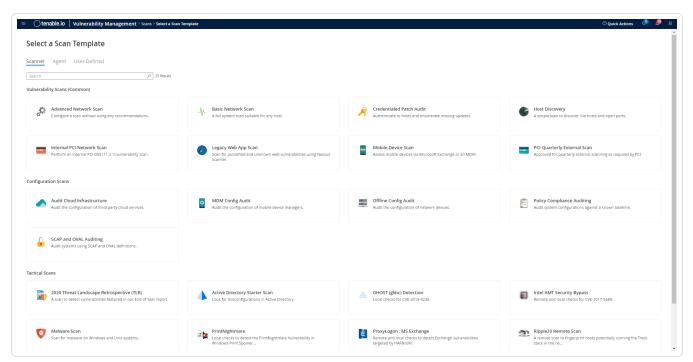
Tenable Vulnerability Management supports the use of privilege escalation, such as *su* and *sudo*, when using SSH through the CyberArk authentication method.

### To configure SSH integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. Click Scans.
- 3. Click + New Scan.

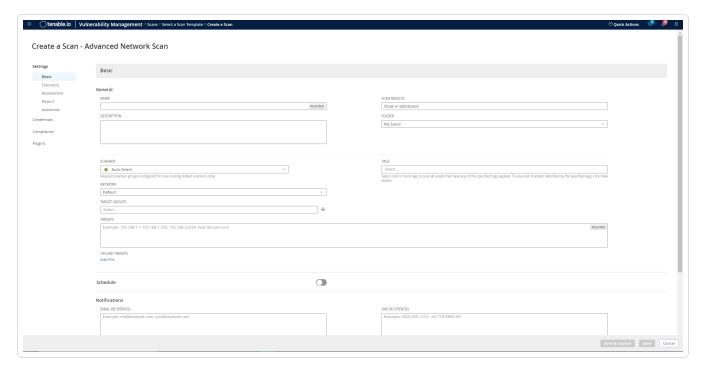


4. Select a **Scan Template**.



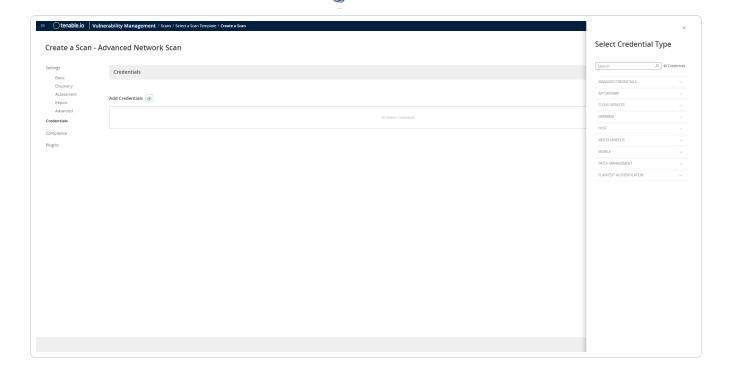


The scan configuration page appears.

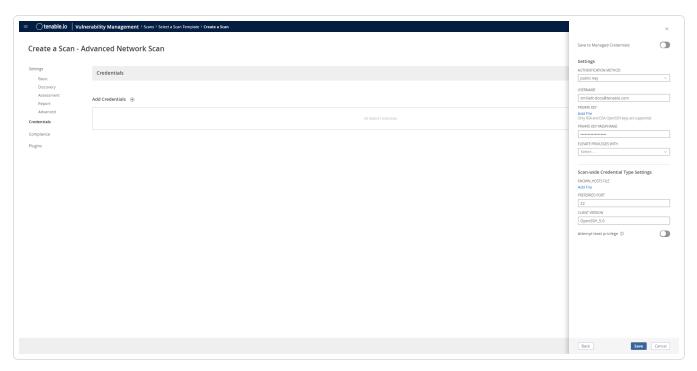


- 5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the scan.
- 6. In the **Targets** box, type an IP address, hostname, or range of IP addresses.
- 7. (Optional) Add a description, folder location, scanner location, and specify target groups.
- 8. Click the Credentials tab.

The Credentials options appear.



- 9. In the **Select a Credential** menu, select the **Host** drop-down.
- 10. Select **SSH** as the **Type** and CyberArk as the **Authentication Method**.

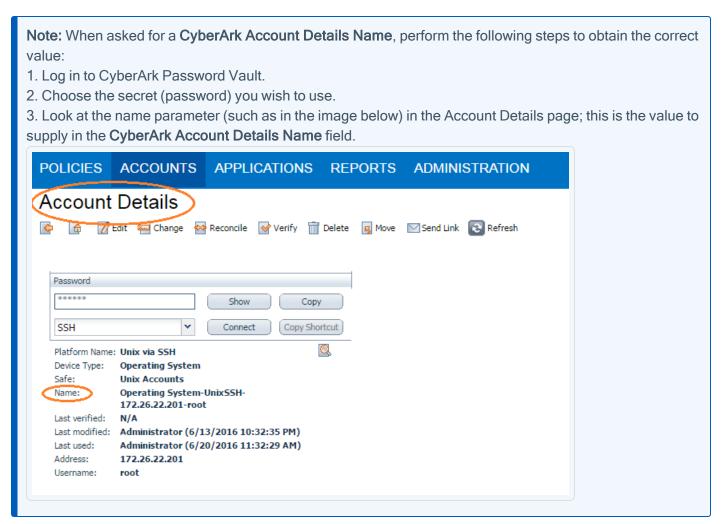


11. Select an option for the CyberArk Elevate Privileges With field.

**Note:** Multiple options for privilege escalation are supported, including *su*, *su+sudo* and *sudo*. For example, if **sudo** is selected, additional fields for **sudo user**, **CyberArk Account Details Name** and **Location of sudo** (directory) are provided and can be completed to support authentication and privilege escalation through CyberArk Password Vault.

**Note:** Additional information about all of the supported privilege escalation types and their accompanying fields can be found in the Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide.

12. Complete the privilege escalation options and click **Save**.



# Windows (Legacy) Integration

To configure Tenable Vulnerability Management with CyberArk using Windows integration:

- 1. Log in to Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, click the  $\equiv$  button.

The left navigation plane appears.

3. In the left navigation plane, click **Settings**.

The **Settings** page appears.

4. Click the **Credentials** widget.

The **Credentials** page appears. The credentials table lists the managed credentials you have permission to view.

5. Click the 🛨 button next to the Credentials title.

The credential form plane appears.

6. In the **Host** section, click **Windows**.

The selected credential options appear.

7. In the Authentication Method drop-down, select CyberArk.

The CyberArk options appear.

8. Configure the CyberArk credentials.

Option	Description	Required
Username	The username of the target system.	yes
CyberArk AIM Service URL	The URL for the CyberArk AIM web service. By default, Tenable Vulnerability Management uses /AIMWebservice/v1.1/AIM.asmx.	no
Domain	The domain to which the username belongs.	no



Option	Description	Required
Central Cre- dential Provider Host	The CyberArk Central Credential Provider IP/DNS address.	yes
Central Cre- dential Provider Port	The port on which the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is listening.	yes
Central Cre- dential Provider Username	The username of the vault, if the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to use basic authentication.	no
Central Cre- dential Provider Password	The password of the vault, if the CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to use basic authentication.	no
Safe	The safe on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contained the authentication information that you want to retrieve.	yes
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate	The file that contains the PEM certificate used to communicate with the CyberArk host.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate Private Key	The file that contains the PEM private key for the client certificate.	no
CyberArk Cli- ent Certificate Private Key Passphrase	The passphrase for the private key, if required.	no
Appld	The Appld that has been allocated permissions on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider to retrieve the target password.	yes

Option	Description	Required
Folder	The folder on the CyberArk Central Credential Provider server that contains the authentication information that you want to retrieve.	yes
Policyld	The PolicyID assigned to the credentials that you want to retrieve from the CyberArk Central Credential Provider.	no
Use SSL	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS check for secure communication.	no
Verify SSL Cer- tificate	If CyberArk Central Credential Provider is configured to support SSL through IIS and you want to validate the certificate check this. Refer to custom_CA.inc documentation for how to use self-signed certificates.	no
CyberArk Account Details Name	The unique name of the credential you want to retrieve from CyberArk.	no

9. Click Save.

#### Verification

- 1. To verify the integration is working, click the **Launch** button to initiate an on-demand scan.
- 2. After the scan completes, click the scan to view the results.
- 3. Look for **Plugin ID 10394**. This validates that the authentication was successful. If the authentication is not successful, refer to the <u>Debugging CyberArk Issues</u> section of this document.

# **Additional Information**

CyberArk Domain and DNS Support

Tenable Vulnerability Management Priority Scanning for CyberArk

Retrieving Addresses to Scan from CyberArk

Debugging CyberArk Issues



# CyberArk Domain and DNS Support

Tenable's support for CyberArk allows Tenable Vulnerability Management to use its target list to query CyberArk Enterprise Password Vault for the target system's credentials, and Tenable Vulnerability Management can use a flexible system to allow for DNS and domain support. See <a href="Tenable Vulnerability Management Prority Scanning for CyberArk">Tenable Vulnerability Management Prority Scanning for CyberArk</a> for explanation of the logic used by Tenable Vulnerability Management for scans using credentials from CyberArk Enterprise Password Vault.

# Tenable Vulnerability Management Priority Scanning for Cyber-Ark

Tenable Vulnerability Management sets a priority system that allows for flexible querying. The following is set out to describe the order Tenable Vulnerability Management tries values and the logic behind it.

- 1. Tenable Vulnerability Management will query CyberArk with the target value entered into the Tenable Vulnerability Management Targets configuration field. For example, if you put a FQDN in the target list, Tenable Vulnerability Management will query CyberArk with the address value of the FQDN. If you enter an IP address or range such as 192.0.2.1-20, Tenable Vulnerability Management will try to query using the IP address or IP range of the target system(s) in the CyberArk Address value. If the target system uses FQDN and can be resolved, then it will be contacted.
- If the target value fails, Tenable Vulnerability Management will then look to see if there is a
  domain value (for a Windows system). If a domain value is present, Tenable Vulnerability Management will query CyberArk using the domain value for the address value to attempt to use
  domain credentials.
- 3. If the configured target value and the domain value both fail, Tenable Vulnerability Management will then pull the IP address of the system. If the IP address does not match one of the IP addresses supplied in the target list, Tenable Vulnerability Management will then query CyberArk using the IP address of the target itself. This is checked against the target value in the configuration to prevent querying CyberArk twice with the same value.

# **Debugging CyberArk**

To enable debugging when you configure a scan in Tenable Vulnerability Management, go to **Settings->Advanced->Debug Settings** and Check **Enable plugin debugging**. If an issue is found, review the results of plugin **Debugging Log Report** (84239). If debug output for the system exists in the debug log, one or more of the following files will be present:

- logins.nasl: Used for Windows credentials. Shows higher level failures in Windows authentication
- logins.nasl~CyberArk: Used to output specific CyberArk- related debug information
- ssh\_settings: Used for SSH credentials. Shows higher level failures in SSH authentication
- ssh\_settings~CyberArk: Used to output specific CyberArk-related debug information

#### Example of output:

[2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error returned [2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP 500 : Server was unable to process request. ---> APPAP004E Password object matching query [Safe=Unix Accounts;UserName=credtester;Folder=Root;Address=192.0.2.26] was not found (Diagnostic Info: 5). Please check that there is a password object that answers your query in the Vault and that both the Provider and the application user have the appropriate permissions needed in order to use the password. [2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error returned [2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP 500 : Server was unable to process request. ---> APPAP004E Password object matching query [Safe=Unix Accounts;UserName=admin;Folder=Root;Address=192.0.2.26] was not found (Diagnostic Info: 5). Please check that there is a password object that answers your query in the Vault and that both the Provider and the application user have the appropriate permissions needed in order to use the password. [2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error returned [2015-11-17 22:17:04] HTTP 500 : Server was unable to process request. ---> APPAP229E Too many password objects matching query [Safe=Unix Accounts;UserName=admin;Folder=Root] were found: (Safe=Unix Accounts; Folder=Root; Object=Operating System-WinDesktopLocal-192.0.2.205-admin,



Safe=Unix Accounts; Folder=Root; Object=Operating System-WinDesktopLocal-192.0.2.66-admin and more. See trace log for more information). (Diagnostic Info: 41)

The <u>Tenable Vulnerability Management Priority Scanning for CyberArk</u> section shows that a single system may send multiple requests that fail before finding a successful one. Because of this, the output to the debugging log may not show an issue with the scan, but it can be used as an audit trail if there is an issue. To address issues using the log, look for the parameters to match the intended query and see what error output was reported for that query. For example, if you intended to scan target 192.0.2.66 using parameters of (Safe=Unix Accounts;UserName=admin;Folder=Root</u>), then you could discern from the log above that the reason the scan failed is because there were too many matching items to this query, and therefore no results were returned.

# Retrieving Addresses to Scan from CyberArk

Tenable Vulnerability Management is able to use a feature in CyberArk to pull a list of targets to scan. Below is a description of how to pull the target system values and how to use them.

**Note:** The following method of target address retrieval cannot be done from the default administrator account. You must create an account that is a member of the PVWAMonitor group to generate the following reports.

- 1. Click on Report at the top of the CyberArk Enterprise Password Vault web interface.
- 2. Click **Generate Report** at the top of the Report page.
- 3. Choose Privileged Account Inventory.
- 4. Click Next.
- 5. Specify the search parameters for the systems you want to scan.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Click Finish.
- 8. Download the CSV or XLS report.
- 9. Confirm the targets for Tenable Vulnerability Management to scan.
- 10. Confirm the values can all be resolved by Tenable Vulnerability Management.
- 11. Copy the values from the **Target system address** column.
- 12. Enter the values into Tenable Vulnerability Management. Either:
  - Paste the values from addresses into the target list in Tenable Vulnerability
     Management.
  - b. Paste the values into a file and use a file target list in Tenable Vulnerability Management.

## **About Tenable**

Tenable transforms security technology for the business needs of tomorrow through comprehensive solutions that provide continuous visibility and critical context, enabling decisive actions to protect your organization. Tenable eliminates blind spots, prioritizes threats, and reduces exposure and loss. With more than one million users and more than 20,000 enterprise customers worldwide, organizations trust Tenable for proven security innovation. Tenable's customers range from Fortune Global 500 companies, to the U.S. Department of Defense, to mid-sized and small businesses in all sectors, including finance, government, healthcare, higher education, retail, and energy. Transform security with Tenable, the creators of Nessus and leaders in continuous monitoring, by visiting tenable.com.